

TECHNICAL ARRANGEMENT

**between the Electronic Communications Office of the Republic of
Latvia and the Communications Regulatory Authority of the
Republic of Lithuania concerning the use of the frequency band
24.25-27.5 GHz for terrestrial Mobile/Fixed Communications
Networks (MFCN) in border areas**

11 September 2025, Kaunas

Preamble

According to Article 6 of the ITU Radio Regulations, representatives of the Electronic Communications Office of the Republic of Latvia and the Communications Regulatory Authority of the Republic of Lithuania (hereinafter referred to as the Parties) have concluded this Arrangement concerning the use of the 24.25-27.5 GHz frequency band for terrestrial mobile/fixed communications networks (MFCN)¹ in border areas (hereinafter referred to as the Arrangement) with the aim of optimizing the use of the frequency band and avoiding mutual interference on a mutually coordinated basis.

1. Principles

- 1.1. This Arrangement is based on the concept of permissible field strength levels for base stations operation, allocation of preferential and non-preferential Physical Cell Identities (PCIs) for NR system as described in ECC Recommendation (23)02 of 7 July 2023 "Cross-border coordination for Mobile / Fixed Communications Networks (MFCN) in the frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz" (hereinafter referred to as ECC/REC/(23)02) and on the principle of the equal access to spectrum by both Parties.
- 1.2. The following operational mode is used: TDD² mode where base stations and mobile stations transmit and receive in the frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz. This frequency arrangement conforms to ECC Decision (18)06 of 6 July 2018 (amended 20 November 2020) "Harmonised technical conditions for Mobile/Fixed Communications Networks (MFCN) in the band 24.25-27.5 GHz".
- 1.3. Field strength values in this Arrangement are based on a receiving antenna height of 3 m above ground for 10 % of time and 50 % of locations.
- 1.4. This Arrangement covers coordination of base stations using AAS³. The coordination of mobile stations in mobile and fixed services is covered by coordination of base stations.
- 1.5. Field strength values in this Arrangement are median values for AAS base stations.
- 1.6. In the context of this Arrangement the term "border" is understood as the international borderline between the countries of the Parties.
- 1.7. Synchronised operation – operation with common phase clock reference (i.e. a reference clock with consistent time offsets relative to a common UTC-based time reference to ensure full alignment of transmissions) and compatible frame structures (to be used on both sides of the border to avoid simultaneous UL/DL transmissions).
- 1.8. Unsynchronised operation – operation with common phase clock reference and non-compatible frame structures or without common phase clock reference and compatible or non-compatible frame structures. This Arrangement covers unsynchronised operation without preferential frequency blocks.

2. Use of frequencies

- 2.1. Each Party may use the frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz for base stations of unsynchronised NR TDD systems on both sides of the borderline without coordination with the other Party if the field strength of each cell produced by the base station does not exceed the field strength level given in Annex 1 of this Arrangement.

¹ Mobile/fixed communications networks (MFCN) includes IMT and other communications networks in the mobile and fixed services.

² TDD – Time Division Duplex.

³ AAS – Active Antenna System (stations that use an antenna that consists of an array of active elements).

- 2.2. For NR TDD systems in border areas each Party shall use PCI sets according to the Annex 2 of this Arrangement.
- 2.3. If frequency block size is other than 200 MHz, a correction, calculated by the formula $10 \times \log_{10}(\text{frequency block size, MHz} / 200 \text{ MHz})$, dB, shall be added to the field strength values indicated in items 2.1.

3. Procedure

- 3.1. If the predicted field strength value produced by the base station exceeds the levels indicated in item 2.1 the frequency assignment shall be coordinated with the other Party.
- 3.2. The period of coordination shall not exceed 45 days from the date of receiving the request and 20 days after the reminder. If no reply is received within 65 days the frequency assignment shall be considered as coordinated. The exchange of coordination information shall take place by e-mail or other electronic means.
- 3.3. Coordination requests shall be drawn up according to Annex 3 of ECC/REC/(23)02 in the appropriate ITU electronic format.
- 3.4. Complaints of harmful interference shall be based on the median value of measurements of field strength, performed at a receiving antenna height of 3 m above ground at least in two different points over a distance of at least 100 m along the border.
- 3.5. Reports of harmful interference shall be presented in accordance with Appendix 10 of the ITU Radio Regulations and processed according to Article 15 of the ITU Radio Regulations. The Parties shall take all possible measures in order to eliminate harmful interference.
- 3.6. For field strength calculations the Parties shall use the latest version of Recommendation ITU-R P.452 "Prediction procedure for the evaluation of interference between stations on the surface of the Earth at frequencies above about 100 MHz".

4. Operators arrangement

- 4.1. Operators concerned may agree on field strength level for synchronised networks and to deviate from field strength level in item 2.1 by mutual consent, concluding an arrangement between operators (hereinafter referred to as the AbO) with the consent of the Parties concerned.
- 4.2. AbO shall only be valid as long as all participating operators hold exclusive rights of use of the common part of the frequency bands.
- 4.3. Operators should inform relevant Parties on the cancellation of the AbO. After such cancellation, base stations brought into use under AbO shall operate in accordance with Section 2.

5. Revision and cancellation

- 5.1. This Arrangement may be revised at any time on the initiative of any Party with the consent of the other Party.
- 5.2. This Arrangement may be cancelled by a mutual decision of both Parties on terms and conditions adopted by the Parties or by a decision of one Party notifying the other Party on its intention at least twelve months before.

6. Entry into force

- 6.1. This Arrangement shall come into force on the date of signing it by both Parties.

6.2. This Arrangement has been drawn in two identical copies, one for the Republic of Latvia and one for the Republic of Lithuania.

11 September 2025, Kaunas

On behalf of the Electronic
Communications Office of the Republic
of Latvia

On behalf of the Communications
Regulatory Authority of the Republic of
Lithuania

Field strength level of unsynchronised NR TDD systems with non-preferential frequency blocks

	Unsynchronised operation with non-preferential frequency blocks
	Field strength level, dBμV/m / 200 MHz
	All PCIs
at the border	62
	The value of 62 dB μ V/m / 200 MHz corresponds to SSB ⁴ field strength level of 52 dB μ V/m / 120 kHz considering the subcarrier spacing ⁵ (SCS) of 120 kHz

⁴ Synchronisation Signal Block for 5G NR.

⁵ In the case of a SCS other than 120 kHz, a correction factor of $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{SCS in kHz} / 120 \text{ kHz})$, dB, should be added to the SSB field strength value.

Distribution⁶ of preferential Physical Cell Identities (PCIs) for NR system in the 24.25-27.5 GHz frequency band between the Republic of Latvia and the Republic of Lithuania

Set	A	B	C	D	E	F
PCI for NR	0 to 83 504 to 587	84 to 167 588 to 671	168 to 251 672 to 755	252 to 335 756 to 839	336 to 419 840 to 923	420 to 503 924 to 1007
Set preferential to	LTU ⁷	LVA ⁸	LTU	LVA	LVA	LTU

⁶ According to Annex 4 of ECC/REC/(23)02.

⁷ LTU – the Republic of Lithuania.

⁸ LVA – the Republic of Latvia.